

INTRAMOLECULAR WITTIG-HORNER REACTION OF
DIMETHYL 2-(*o*-ACYLBENZOYL)-1, 2-DIHYDROISOQUINOLINE-1-PHOSPHONATE :
FACILE SYNTHESIS OF AN ISOQUINOLINE ALKALOID SKELETON

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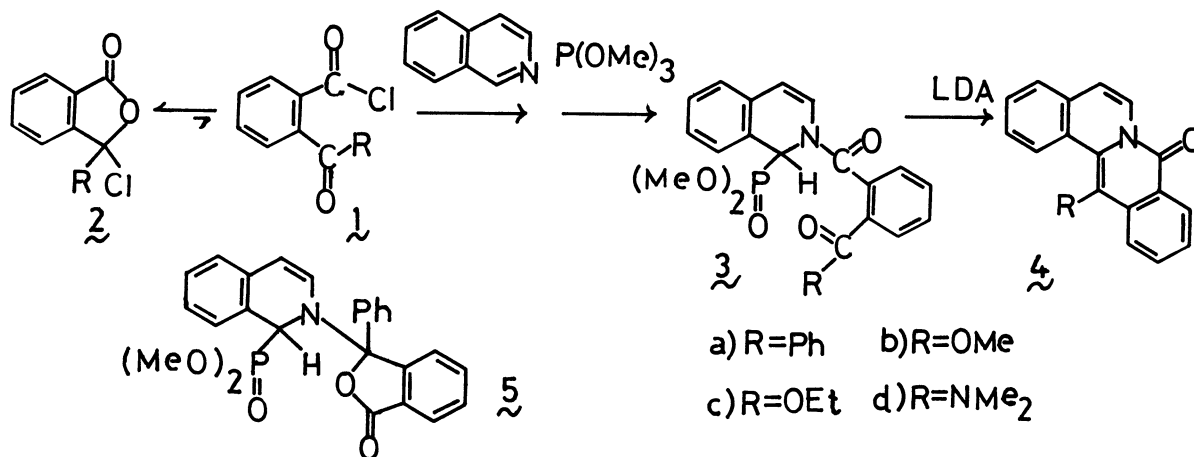
Dimethyl 2-(*o*-acylbenzoyl)-1, 2-dihydroisoquinoline-1-phosphonates (**3**) were prepared from isoquinoline, *o*-acylbenzoyl chloride, and trimethyl phosphite. Intramolecular Wittig-Horner reaction of **3** with LDA afforded good yields of 13-substituted 8H-dibenzo[a, g]quinolizin-8-ones (**4**) which bear an isoquinoline alkaloid skeleton.

In a previous paper,²⁾ we reported that Wittig-Horner reaction of dimethyl 2-isopropoxy-carbonyl-1, 2-dihydroisoquinoline-1-phosphonate with various aldehydes afforded the corresponding 1-exo-methylene compounds, which were converted to 1-substituted isoquinolines with hydrogen chloride.

We extended the above result to use for annelation of nitrogen heterocycles by intramolecular Wittig-Horner reaction of phosphonates of Reissert analogue which were prepared by employing acylating reagents containing one more carbonyl group in a molecule.

First, we chose *o*-benzoylbenzoyl chloride (**1a**) as an acylating reagent, which is known to exist as 3-chloro-3-phenylphthalide (**2a**).³⁾ Therefore, **2a** (4.6 mmol) was heated in refluxing propionitrile (10 ml) to increase the proportion of **1a** and a solution of isoquinoline (4.6 mmol) in propionitrile (13 ml) was slowly added followed by addition of trimethyl phosphite (4.6 mmol) to give **3a** [mp 157.1-157.9 °C; NMR (CDCl₃): δ 6.07 (1-H, J_{PCH}=18.0 Hz)] in 62% yield, together with 19% of the phosphonate (**5**) derived directly from **2a**.⁴⁾ Deprotonation of **3a** (3.0 mmol) with lithium diisopropylamide (LDA: 3.6 mmol) in tetrahydrofuran (20 ml) at -70 °C, followed by heating at 40 °C for 0.5 h, afforded the expected 13-phenyl-8H-dibenzo[a, g]quinolizin-8-one⁵⁾ (**4a**, mp 211.1-211.7 °C) in 31% yield together with isoquinoline (41%) and 3-(N, N-diisopropylamino)-3-phenylphthalide (6%; mp 126-128 °C) which were produced through the attack of LDA toward the benzoyl group instead of deprotonation.

Then, we tried to prepare **4** with a functional group such as alkoxy or amino group at the 13-position. Employment of chlorides of half esters (**1b**, **c**) and a half amide (**1d**) of phthalic acid as acylating reagents gave the corresponding phosphonates (**3b-d**): **3b**: mp 154.1-154.6 °C; yield 83%; IR (KBr): 1725, 1665 cm⁻¹ (ν C=O); NMR (CDCl₃): δ 6.51 (1-H, J_{PCH}=17.4



Hz); $\underline{3c}$: 113.9-114.4 °C; 80%; 1720, 1670 cm⁻¹; δ 6.49 ($\underline{1-H}$, J_{PCH} =17.4 Hz); $\underline{3d}$: 131.7-132.5 °C; 78%; 1660, 1650 cm⁻¹; δ 6.30 ($\underline{1-H}$, J_{PCH} =16.8 Hz). Similar treatment of $\underline{3b-d}$ with LDA afforded $\underline{4b-d}$ ($\underline{4b}$: mp 143.8-144.7 °C; $\underline{4c}$: 181.7-182.3 °C; $\underline{4d}$: 144.4-145.7 °C) in yields of 76, 67, and 67%, respectively.⁵⁾ Wittig-Horner reaction of the carbonyl group of esters is rather rare⁶⁾ and that of an amide here has not been described.

Starting with quinoline instead of isoquinoline, compounds corresponding to $\underline{3b}$ and $\underline{4b}$ were obtained in yields of 63 (pale yellow oil) and 54% (mp 299.5-301.2 °C), respectively. Thus versatile utility of the present method has been shown to build up isoquinoline and quinoline alkaloid skeletons.

References

- 1) Present address: Department of Chemistry, Faculty of Science, Hiroshima University, Higashisenda-machi, Hiroshima 730, Japan.
- 2) K. Akiba, Y. Negishi, K. Kurumaya, N. Ueyama, and N. Inamoto, *Tetrahedron Lett.*, **1981**, 4977.
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- 4) A pair of diastereomers ($\underline{5}$) \underline{a} : mp 185.2-185.7 °C; NMR (CDCl₃): δ 4.65 ($\underline{1-H}$, J_{PCH} =19.2 Hz), and \underline{b} : mp 164.2-165.0 °C; δ 4.82 ($\underline{1-H}$, J_{PCH} =16.8 Hz) was obtained in a ratio of 2:3. All $\underline{3}$, $\underline{4}$, and $\underline{5}$ gave correct elemental analyses.
- 5) For 8H-dibenzo[a, g]quinolizin-8-one, see: a) D. W. Brown, S. F. Dyke, M. Sainsburry, and G. Hardy, *J. Chem. Soc. (C)*, **1971**, 3219; b) D. E. Ames and O. Ribeiro, *J. Chem. Soc., Perkin Trans. 1*, **1976**, 1073. All $\underline{4}$ showed reasonable spectra of this skeleton.
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